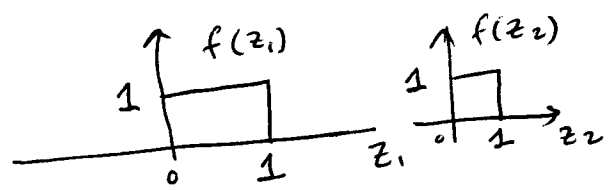


3.1

$$(a) E(z_1) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} z_1 f(z_1) dz_1 = \int_0^1 z_1 dz_1 = \left[\frac{z_1^2}{2} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= E(z_2)$$



$$E[x] = \begin{bmatrix} E[z_1] + E[z_2] \\ E[z_1] - E[z_2] \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \Sigma_x = E\{[x - m_x][x - m_x]^T\} = E[xx^T] - m_x m_x^T$$

$$m_x m_x^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E[xx^T] = E \begin{bmatrix} z_1 + z_2 & z_1 - z_2 \\ z_1 - z_2 & z_1^2 - z_2^2 \end{bmatrix} = E \begin{bmatrix} z_1^2 + z_2^2 + 2z_1 z_2 & z_1^2 - z_2^2 \\ z_1^2 - z_2^2 & z_1^2 + z_2^2 - 2z_1 z_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E[z_1^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} z_1^2 f(z_1) dz_1 = \int_0^1 z_1^2 dz_1 = \left[\frac{z_1^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{3} = E[z_2^2]$$

$$E[z_1 z_2] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} z_1 z_2 f(z_1, z_2) dz_1 dz_2; \because z_1 \text{ and } z_2 \text{ are uncorrelated,}$$

we have $E[z_1 z_2] = E[z_1] E[z_2] = (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{4}$

$$E[xx^T] = \begin{bmatrix} E[z_1^2] + E[z_2^2] + 2E[z_1 z_2] & E[z_1^2] - E[z_2^2] \\ E[z_1^2] - E[z_2^2] & E[z_1^2] + E[z_2^2] - 2E[z_1 z_2] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma_x = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \sigma_{x_1}^2 = E[(x_1 - m_{x_1})^2] = E[x_1^2] - m_{x_1}^2 = \frac{7}{6} - 1 = \frac{1}{6}$$

3.2

$$\begin{aligned}
 E\{[x(t) - m_x(t)]\{x(t) - m_x(t)\}^T\} &= E\{[x(t) - m_x(t)]\{x(t) - m_x(t)\}^T\} \\
 &= E\{x(t)x(t)^T - m_x(t)x(t)^T - x(t)m_x(t)^T + m_x(t)m_x(t)^T\} \\
 &= E\{x(t)x(t)^T\} - m_x(t)E\{x(t)^T\} - E\{x(t)\}m_x(t)^T + m_x(t)m_x(t)^T \\
 &= \Sigma_x(t) - m_x(t)m_x(t)^T - m_x(t)m_x(t)^T + m_x(t)m_x(t)^T \\
 &= \Sigma_x(t) - m_x(t)m_x(t)^T
 \end{aligned}$$

3.3

(a) $R_w(z) = \sigma_w^2 e^{-az}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_w(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \sigma_w^2 e^{-a|z|} e^{-j\omega z} dz = \int_{-\infty}^0 \sigma_w^2 e^{(a-j\omega)z} dz + \int_0^{+\infty} \sigma_w^2 e^{-(a+j\omega)z} dz \\
 &= \sigma_w^2 \left[\left[\frac{1 \cdot e^{(a-j\omega)z}}{(a-j\omega)} \right]_{-\infty}^0 + \left[-\frac{1 \cdot e^{-(a+j\omega)z}}{(a+j\omega)} \right]_0^{\infty} \right] \\
 &= \sigma_w^2 \left[\frac{1}{(a-j\omega)} + \frac{1}{(a+j\omega)} \right] = \frac{2a\sigma_w^2}{a^2 + \omega^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) $\because w(t)$ has zero mean, we have $C_w(z) = R_w(z)$

$$\therefore z_c = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} C_w(z) dz}{C_w(0)} = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} \sigma_w^2 e^{-az} dz}{\sigma_w^2} = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-az} dz = \left[-\frac{e^{-az}}{a} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{a}$$

3.4

(a) $\dot{x}(t) = -2x(t) + 3w(t); y(t) = 4x(t); S_w(\omega) = 16, x(0) = 0$

$$\Sigma_x(t) = e^{At} \Sigma_x(0) e^{A^T t} + \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)} B S_w B^T e^{A^T \tau} d\tau$$

Here $A = -2, B = 3, S_w = 16$

also $\Sigma_x(0) = E\{x^2(0)\} = 0$

$$\therefore \Sigma_x(t) = \int_0^t e^{-2(t-\tau)} \cdot 3 \cdot 16 \cdot 3 e^{-2\tau} d\tau = \int_0^t 144 e^{-4\tau} d\tau = -36 \left[e^{-4\tau} \right]_0^t$$

$$\therefore \Sigma_x(t) = 36(1 - e^{-4t})$$



$$\Sigma_x(t) = \Sigma_x(t) - \cancel{u_x(t)u_x^T(t)}$$

$$= 36(1 - e^{-4t})$$

$$(b) \quad \dot{\Sigma}_x(t) = A \Sigma_x(t) + \Sigma_x(t) A^T + B S_x B^T$$

$$= -2 \Sigma_x(t) + 2 \Sigma_x(t) + 144$$

$$\dot{\Sigma}_x(t) = -4 \Sigma_x(t) + 144 \quad ; \quad \Sigma_x(0) = 0$$

$$\therefore \Sigma_x(t) = \int_0^t e^{-4(t-z)} \cdot 144 \cdot dz = 144 \int_t^0 -e^{-4y} dy = 144 \int_0^t e^{-4y} dy$$

$$= -36 \left[e^{-4y} \right]_0^t = 36(1 - e^{-4t}) = \Sigma_x(t)$$

$$(c) \quad \Sigma_y(t) = C \Sigma_x(t) C^T = 16 \cdot 36(1 - e^{-4t}) = 576(1 - e^{-4t}) = \Sigma_y(t)$$

$$(d) \quad A \Sigma_x(\infty) + \Sigma_x(\infty) A^T + B S_x B^T = 0$$

$$-2 \Sigma_x(\infty) + 2 \Sigma_x(\infty) + 144 = 0$$

$$\Sigma_x(\infty) = \frac{144}{4} = 36$$